

765. If a client needs your help in sitting up after a massage or for any other reason, how would the therapist help the client sit up?

The client would turn on their side and the therapist would place one hand under the neck and the other behind the knees and assist the client into a seated position.

766. How would raking be applied?

Raking would be applied in alternate strokes to the tips of the fingers would look like the tips of a rake and the fingers would glide between the ribs.

767. Name the six major categories of massage movements.

Kneading movement, percussion movements, joint movements, effleurage/gliding movements, touch and friction.

768. How would you define Scope of Practice?

It would outline the legal rights and the activities that are acceptable according to the Licenses of the various professions and various practices and determines the kind of requirements that would be for each state and or national standard for a particular profession. Note: You may have a license in one state and another state may not recognize it. State and city laws vary greatly from state to state and city to city.

769. In Swedish massage are most movements directed toward the heart? Yes

770. Name four reasons why a therapist's license could be canceled.

Prostitution, convicted of a felony, negligence toward their own and their client's health and addiction of drugs

771. Is a Code of Ethics important for a therapist's business? Yes

772. What are two signs of a disease?

Fever and abnormal skin color

773. Define where heavy, light, vigorous and gentle movements are applied during a massage session.

Heavy movements: over thick tissues and fleshy parts
Light movements: over bony parts and thin tissues
Vigorous movements: shoulders and in sports massage
Gentle movements: relaxing slow movements - face